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# DIGITAL BIDIRECTIONAL COUNTER WITH TWO THRESHOLDS TYPE LBM62

WM098X0A

6 DIGITS VISUALIZED DIGITAL COUNTER WITH TWO THRESHOLDS, SUITABLE TO OPERATE LIKE:

BIDIRECTIONAL COUNTER,

SINGLE DIRECTIONAL COUNTER WITH DIRECTION UPCOUNT / DOWNCOUNT

THE COUNTER LBM 62 FINDS APPLICATION WHERE THERE IS THE NECESSITY TO VISUALIZE AND TO TWO **THROUGH PROGRAMMABLE** CONTROL, THRESHOLDS, **BIDIRECTIONAL** OR SINGLE **DIRECTIONAL COUNTINGS FROM ELECTROMECHANICAL** AND LOGICAL CONTACTS, PROXIMITY AND ENCODERS.



- Frontal keyboard in polycarbonate (antiscratch, antioil, antiacid).
- IP65 protection degree
- Accessible parameters with key software
- Removable terminals connection.

**OPERATING TEMPERATURE** 

INSIDE THERE IS A BATCH COUNTER.

- Execution DIN 48 x 96.
- Recessed assembly.
- Special retaining brackets.



## PROGRAMMABLE PARAMETERS

- Two Threshold
- Reset Time
- Multiplication factor of the impulses
- Input (Slow / Fast)
- Count (Up / Down / Superior)
- Reset key
- **Decimal Point**
- Counting Input
- Auto Acknowledge of the Threshold
- Batch Counter
- Restart Input

## **TECHNICAL FEATURES**

Single power 24 - 110 - 230 Vac (50 / 60 Hz). POWER SUPPLY IN ALTERNATE CURRENT

POWER SUPPLY IN DIRECT CURRENT Single power 24 Vdc

POWER SUPPLY TOLERANCE +10% - 15%. **ABSORPTION** 2 W - 3 VA.

**CLIMATIC CONDITIONS** U.R. 95 % at 40 °C (without condensate).

**COUNTER VISUALIZATION** 6 digits, 14mm high BATCH COUNTER VISUALIZATION 5 digits, 14mm high

MULTIPLICATION COEFFICIENT THE INPULSES IN: Programmable from 0,00001 to 9,99999

Suitable for Bi-directional Encoder, Single directional Encoder, INPUT TYPE (NPN or PNP) Proximity, electromechanical and logical signals

COUNTING FREQUENCY FOR LOGICAL SIGNALS Bi-directional Encoder with 4 edges up to 24 KHz with 4uSec

between the edges

-5 °C + 55 °C.

Bi-directional Encoder with 4 edges up to 40 KHz

Single directional Encoder with directional input up to 40 KHz

Upcounting / DOWNcounting up to 50 Hz

MINIMUM TIME FOR SLOW INPUT SIGNALS Programmable in 25%, 50% and 75% of the frequency.

CUT FREQUENCY FOR ELECTROMECHANICAL

**INPUTS** from 10 to 50 Hz.

**AUXILIARY INPUTS POWER SUPPLY** 24 Vdc - 80 mA available on terminals. (ON DEMAND) (version /5 /12 /24 VDC on demand) 12 Vdc - 80 mA available on terminals.. STANDARD

5 Vdc - 80 mA available on terminals. (ON DEMAND)

**COMMAND IMPUTS** Counter Reset

Counter Restart

Inhibit / Auto Acknowledge

**OUTPUTS** 2 relays with operating contacts - capacity 2A - 250Vac.

RELAY RESET Manual or automatic with excitation time from 0,1 to 99,9 sec.

PROGRAMMED DATA MEMORY static (no battery)

### DESCRIPTION OF THE FRONTAL KEYBOARD **■** YELLOW The key 'LEFT ARROW' in normal operating phase visualizes, blinking, all the programmings executed without the limitation of the insertion code. The time of scansion of the programmings is given from the pressure of the same key. It exits automatically from this phase after 5 sec of the last pressure of the same key. In programming phase it moves the cursor of the figure towards left of a step, than at the beginning it is on the right side first one on the. At the end it resumes from the first one to right. **| A** YELLOW The key 'UP ARROW' in normal operating phase visualizes the Batch Counter. In programming phase it increases the value of the blinking figure. BLUE The key 'PRG' pressed for 2 sec. allows to enter in the programming phase, visualizing on display C.0000. In the programming phase, pressing key 'PRG' impulsively, it exits from the programming phase. The instrument exits automatically from the programming phase, 60 sec. after the pressure of the last key. RED RED The key 'ENT/RES' in normal phase of counting has the 'RESET' function, with the modalities to it attributed in the programming phase. In programming phase it confirms and memorizes the visualized data and passes to the successive function. If it has arrived to list end it resumes from the beginning. INPUTS / OUTPUTS DESCRIPTION DC POWER 24V DC Power Supply of the instrument. (inputs 1 - 2) AC POWER Power Supply of the instrument; it can be to 24 - 110 - 230 VAC according to demand. (inputs 3 - 4) 24 VDC - 80mA 24 VDC - 80 mA auxiliary Power Supply that the instrument supply to feed Encoder and amplified (inputs 6 - 7) proximity. (or 5VDC, 24VDC it depends by version) RESTART RESTART input that executes the Restart of the counting from the programmed value in the RESTART (input 8) register. RESET Input of RESET that executes the reset of the visualized count showed on display at the moment of its (input 9) activation. INHIBIT/AUTOACK. When active, it operates as inhibit of the counting or as Auto Acknowledge of the value on the display (input 10) as new Threshold value CNT 1 NPN counting input (PNP on demand) suitable for electromechanical contacts, amplified proximity, 3 (input 11) wires sensors, bi-directional and single directional Encoders. CNT<sub>2</sub> NPN counting input (PNP on demand) suitable for electromechanical contacts, amplified proximity, 3 (input 12) wires sensors, bi-directional and single directional Encoders. RL1 Output of Relay 1, connected to the operation of the Threshold S1. The Common and Normally Opened (inputs 14-15-16) contacts are available.

DESCRIPTION OF THE LED'S OPERATION									
LED 1	It comes activated to the reaching of the Threshold S1.								
LED 2	It comes activated to the reaching of the Threshold S2.								

RL2

(inputs 17-18-19)

contacts are available.

Elcis s.r.l. LBM 62 Pag. 2

Output of Relay 2, connected to the operation of the Threshold S2. The Common and Normally Opened

### PROGRAMMING OF THRESHOLD

For THRESHOLDS programming access, proceed as follow:

- Press key 'PRG' in impulsive mode; on display appears:

<u>5</u> : 99999

**S.1 = THRESHOLD 1**, value programmable between - 999999 and 999999. Its operating mode depend to the modality choose in the MODE parameter in GROUP 3.

<u>52</u> 999999

**S.2 = THRESHOLD 2**, value programmable between - 999999 and 999999. Its operating mode depend to the modality choose in the MODE parameter in GROUP 3.

Key ENT confirms the data and passes to the successive programming. In order to exit the programming, press key PRG.

### PROGRAMMING OF THE OPERATION PARAMETERS

The programmable parameters are divided in two groups and protect with a 4 figures code. In order to approach the programming, proceed in the following way:

- Press key PRG for about 2 sec. On the display appears:

6000 0000

GROUP 1: insert code 2357 and press ENT

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**t.r. = Automatic Time Reset**, programmable from 00,0 up to 99,9 sec. This parameter allows to the instrument to operate in **automatic** mode. When the counting reach the S1 value automatically it resets the counting, excites the relay RL1 and restart the counting without lose impulses. The relay RL1 remains ON for time programmed in t.r. programming. If the reset time programmed in t.r. is = 0 (00,0) the instrument operates in **manual** mode.

**Particular case**: if the set up time t.r. is smaller of the time employed from the count to arrive to the values of S.1 or S.2, the relative relays will never come unactived.

1000000 F.  ${\bf F}={\bf 6}$  digits multiplier Factor, programmable from 0,1 to 9.99999. This parameter allows to convert the number of the input impulses, showing them on the display in another format. If it programmed = 0 it comes reprogrammed automatically to 1. If a value lower than 1 is inserted, it obtains the division of the impulses. Es. I want to divide for 25 the impulses in input; calculation 1: 25 = 0.04.

**Attention**: the variation of the value of the multiplying modifies automatically the value of the counting.

[n UP [n dn

Cn. = Counting Mode: UP / DOWN / Superior.

**UP** = UP counting on rising edge

**dn.** = DOWN counting on rising edge

**SP.** = SUPERIOR, counting on rising edge getting over the Threshold.

Counting = Up: the counter gets ready to visualize the UP counting in rising edge mode, starting from zero up to the programmed value of Threshold. To the counting's end it actives the relative relay output.

Counting = dn: the counter gets ready to visualize the DOWN counting in rising edge mode, starting from the programmed value of Threshold to zero. To the counting's end it actives the relative relay output. This programming operates with positive Thresholds only; negatives Thresholds are reprogrammed to 0.

Count = Sp: The operation is similar to UP Counting with the difference that to the reaching of the threshold the instrument continues to count and can manually be resets to zero only. It operates with positive and negative Thresholds. With Superior Counting, each time that the thresholds are overcoming the Batch Counter is increased.

r.G 000

### r.G. = CLEARANCE RECOVERY

It's a 3 digit programmable value (0-999) that it's summed to the Threshold value.

(Example: S1 = 10000, r.G. = 20, S1 actives at 10020, S3 = -2000, r.G. = 20, S3 actives at -2020)

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M.r. = Automatic Reset Mode. This parameter allows to program which Threshold, negative or positive, must works in Automatic Reset. The instrument than will operate in the mode programmed in the GROUP 3 and with the thresholds values programmed.

P. = Two POSIVEThresholds.

n. = Two NEGATIVEThresholds.

P.n. = One POSITIVE Threshold and one NEGATIVE Threshold.

Two POSIVE Thresholds: The Automatic Reset works with the Threshold with the highest programmed value between the two Thresholds.

Example: two independent Thresholds; S1 = 10000, S2 = -12000, the Automatic Reset starts when it reaches the S1 value

Two NEGATIVE Thresholds: The Automatic Reset works with the Threshold with the lowest programmed value between the two negative Thresholds.

Example: two independent Thresholds; S1 = 10000, S2 = -12000, the Automatic Reset starts when it reaches the S2 value.

One POSITIVE Threshold and one NEGATIVE Threshold: this mode integrates the two previous modes. The Automatic Reset can be starts when reach the positive threshold and the negative threshold.

Example: two independent Thresholds; S1 = 10000, S2 = -1000, the Automatic Reset starts when it reaches the S1 and S2 values.

Every time that the counting reaches a Threshold connected to the Automatic Reset the Batch Counter is increased. The Threshold not connected to the Automatic Reset operates in Superior mode.

When DOWN counting is programmed, it's not possible to have negative Thresholds.

Key ENT confirms the data and passes to the successive programming. In order to exit the programming, press key PRG.

# PROGRAMMING OF THE OPERATION PARAMETERS

The programmable parameters are divided in two groups and protect with a 4 figure code. In order to approach the programming, proceed in the following way:

Press key PRG for about 2 sec. On the display appears:

Cod

GROUP 2: insert code 2413 and press ENT

gpp.

#### APP. = AUTO ACKNOWLEDGE.

This parameter allows to set on which threshold is active the Auto Acknowledge function. The function allows to memorize the value visualized on the display as threshold value. If the Auto Acknowledge function is active, when its input has closed, the value visualized on the display becomes the new threshold value. The temporary lighting of the frontal leds signals the acknowledged. The Acknowledge function remains active up to it has excluded by menu. When this function is not active, the input operates as INHIBIT, that inhibits the counting for all time long that it's close.

r.r.s. = REGISTRO DI RESTART. Value programmable between -999999 and 999999. Every time that the

n. = Auto Acknowledge NOT ACTIVE The INHIBIT function is active.

1 = Auto Acknowledge ACTIVE on THRESHOLD 1.

2 = Auto Acknowledge ACTIVE on THRESHOLD 2.

RESTRT input is close, the programmed value is reload on the display. This programming is used to Restart the counting from a programmed value. It can be activated in Impulsive or Continuously mode.

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#### Programming of the Decimal Point of the Counter.

This programming allows to add a decimal point to the visualization on the 5 digits, in order to obtain counts with various resolutions.

d.p. = 0 Decimal Point excluded; visualization 999999

d.p. = 1 Decimal Point on the second display from right; visualization 99999,9

d.p. = 2 Decimal Point on the third party display from right; visualization 9999,99

d.p. = 3 Decimal Point on the quarter display from right; visualization 999,999

Attention, the Decimal Point is only fictitious, it doesn't realize any conversion.

d.p. = 4 Decimal Point on fifth display from right; visualization 99,9999

rES 2

# res = RESET KEY MODE. Programmable function of the frontal RES KEY

1 = INHIBITED RESET. It's not possible to RESET with the RES key.

2 = ACTIVE RESET. It's possible to RESET with the RES key.

**3** = **IMPULSIVE RESTART**. The RES key operates as Impulsive RESTART.

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**bl.s. = BLOCK OF THE PROGRAMMING OF THE THRESHOLD.** This programming prevent the access of the threshold programming.

n. = BLOCK NOT ACTIVE, it's possible to access to the thresholds programming.

Y. = BLOCCO ACTIVE, it's not possible to access to the thresholds programming.

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## r.r.s. = RESTART INPUT MODE

This programming sets the operating mode of the RESTART function:

I. = IMPULSIVE RESTART

C. = CONTINUOUSLY RESTART WITH UNACTIVATION OF THE COUNTING.

**IMPULSIVE** when active, the counter reload on display the value programmed in the Restart register without stops to count. This command is instantaneously elaborated (interrupt mode).

**CONTINUOUSLY**: when active, the counter reload on display the value programmed in the Restart register and remains stopped up to when the input becomes unactive.

lac.

In.r. = INPUT RESET MODE. This programming sets the operating mode of the Reset Input.

**1** = The Reset Input resets the counting on display, the normal counting or the Batch Counter, depending on what is showed on display.

2 = The Reset Input contemporaneously resets the counting and the Batch Counter.

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#### A.S. = Threshold Activation.

With this programming is possible to active the new Threshold value directly quitting the programming or quitting the programming after a Reset (with frontal RES key or with Reset input).

A.S. = P. Threshold activation quitting the programming.

A.S. = r. Threshold activation quitting the programming after a Reset.

Key ENT confirms the data and passes to the successive programming. In order to exit the programming, press key PRG.

# PROGRAMMING OF THE OPERATION PARAMETERS

The programmable parameters are divided in two groups and protect with a 4 figure code.

In order to approach the programming, proceed in the following way:
- Press key **PRG** for about 2 sec. On the display appears:

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GROUP 3: insert code 2359 and press ENT

Nodo

Modo = Selection of the operating mode of the CNT1 e CNT2 inputs.

bidi. 4 = BIDIRECTIONAL ENCODER, COUNTING ON 4 EDGES

**bidi. 1** = BIDIRECTIONAL ENCODER, COUNTING ON 1 EDGE

Mono = SINGLE DIRECTIONAL, COUNTING on CNT1 input and DIRECTION on CNT2 input

 $\textbf{Inc. dec} = \mathsf{UP} \ / \ \mathsf{DOWN} \ \mathsf{COUNTER}, \ \mathsf{INCREASING} \ \mathsf{on} \ \mathsf{CNT1} \\ \mathsf{input} \ \mathsf{and} \ \mathsf{DECREASING} \ \mathsf{on} \ \mathsf{CNT2} \\ \mathsf{input} \ \mathsf{input} \ \mathsf{on} \ \mathsf{CNT2} \\ \mathsf{input} \ \mathsf{on} \ \mathsf{CNT3} \\ \mathsf{input} \ \mathsf{on} \ \mathsf{CNT4} \\ \mathsf{input} \ \mathsf{on} \ \mathsf{CNT5} \\ \mathsf{input} \ \mathsf{on} \ \mathsf{input} \\ \mathsf{input} \ \mathsf{input} \ \mathsf{input} \ \mathsf{input}$ 

Fr.E.

#### Fr.t. = Cut Frequency for the Single Directional and UP / DOWN Counter modes.

This programming sets the Cut Frequency of the filter of the counting inputs.

This programming is available for the counting inputs programming **Mono** and **Inc Dec** only.

**10** = SLOW up to 10 Hz

20 = SLOW up to 20 Hz

50 = SLOW up to 50 Hz

F. = FAST up to 40 kHz (not available for Inc. Dec programming)

dc. 25

### D.C. = DUTY CYCLE FOR THE SLOW CUT FREQUENCY.

This programming sets the duty cycle for the slow cut frequency programmed (not available for the **Fast** or **bidi** programming).

25 = DUTY CYCLE 25 %

50 = DUTY CYCLE 50 %

**75** = DUTY CYCLE **75** %

Setting 10 Hz (period = 100 mSec) and duty cycle 25 %, the impulse, to be read, must have a minimum ON time of 25 mSec and a minimum OFF time of 75 mSec. The cut frequency and the duty cycle are elaborated with a digital software filter; in this mode it's possible to guarantee the maximum precision also after many years of work.

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#### M.S. = OPERATING MODE OF THE THRESHOLDS

This programming sets the operating mode of the Thresholds.

- 1 = S1 MAIN THRESHOLD, S2 SECONDARY THRESHOLD IN OFFSET
- 2 = S1 MAIN THRESHOLD, S2 SECONDARY THRESHOLD IN ABSOLUTE
- 3 = TWO INDEPENDENT THRESHOLDS

In MODE 1, S2 = OFFSET, S2 is a threshold that comes activated always ahead the main threshold S1. The programmed value is the value of the advance with which S2 will be active respect the threshold S1. If S1 threshold is set 10000 and S2 is set 1000, the relay RL2 will be ON to 9000 and the Relay RL1 to 10000. If we change the S1 value, the RL2 will always be ON 1000 in advance respect S1.

The main threshold S1 can have a positive or negative value while S2 will always be a positive value, being an Offset value. With positive values of S1, S2 can be programmed between 0 and S1 value. (Example. S1 = 10000, S2 between 0 and 10000).

With negative values of S1, S2 can be programmed between 0 and the absolute positive value of S1 minus 1. (Example. S1 -20000, S2 between 0 and 19999).

If it's programmed with a value out of this range it's automatically reprogrammed to (S1-1)

In MODE 2, S2 = ABSOLUTE, S2 is an independent threshold that operates in SUPÉRIOR mode and must be programmed between 0 and S1 value. If we change the S1 value, the S2 value doesn't change. With positive values of S1, S2 can be programmed between 0 and S1. (Example. S1 = 10000, S2 between 0 and 10000). With negative values of S1, S2 can be programmed between 0 and the value of S1 plus 1 (example S1 = -20000, S2 between 0 and -19999).

If it's programmed with a value out of this range it's automatically reprogrammed to (S1-1) or (S1 +1).

In **MODE 3** all the thresholds are programmable in independence mode.

Key ENT confirms the data and passes to the successive programming. In order to exit the programming, press key PRG.

## PROGRAMMING OF THE OPERATION PARAMETERS

The programmable parameters are divided in two groups and protect with a 4 figure code.

In order to approach the programming, proceed in the following way:

Press key PRG for about 2 sec. On the display appears:

 $\mathsf{Cod}$ 

GROUP 4: insert code 2415 and press ENT

#### P = BATCH COUNTER

If programmed = 0, the Batch Counter is an absolute counter with 5 digits in increase that totalizes the number of cycles. If it's set to a value, it's a Batch counter in decrease, starting for the value to 0. When it reaches the 0 the counting is stopped with the Relays ON up to a Reset with the frontal RES key or by the Reset input. In this case the Restart command is not active.

Key ENT confirms the data and passes to the successive programming. In order to exit the programming, press key PRG.

# **OPERATING MODE**

MODE			OPI	ERA	TING	DI/	<b>AGR</b>	ΑМ				OPERATING DESCRIPTION
BIDI x 1	CNT1											CNT1, counting on an edge, for signals 90° out of phase.
	CNT2											CNT2 input, executes the inversion of the counting's direction when it's ahead CNT1.
	UP	0	1	2	3	4	5	4	3	2	1	Increasing visualization, from 0 to S programmed Threshold value.
	DOWN	s	S-1	S-2	S-3	S-4	S-5 §	-4 \$	S-3	S-2	S-1	Decreasing visualization, from S programmed Threshold value to 0.
BIDI x 4	CNT1	<u> </u>										CNT1, counting on rising and falling edge, for signals 90° out of phase.
	CNT2										_	CNT2, counting on rising and falling edge, executes the inversion of the counting's direction when it's ahead CNT1.
	UP	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	}	Increasing visualization, from 0 to S programmed Threshold value.
	DOWN	s	S-1	S-2	S-3	S-4	S-5	S-6	S-7	' S-	8	Decreasing visualization, from S programmed Threshold value to 0.
DIR	CNT1											CNT1, single directional counting input of the impulses.
	CNT2	OPEN CLOSED OPEN									_	CNT2, executes the inversion of the counting's direction from increasing to decreasing and vice versa.
	UP	0	1	2	1	0	-1	0	1	2	!	Increasing visualization, from 0 to S programmed Threshold value.
	DOWN	s	S-1	S-2	S-1	s	S+1	s	S-1	S-	2	Decreasing visualization, from S programmed Threshold value to 0.
INC/DEC	CNT1											CNT1, single directional counting input in increasing mode
	CNT2	]									_	CNT2, single directional counting input in decreasing mode
	UP	0	1	2	3	2	1	0	0	1		Increasing visualization, from 0 to S programmed Threshold value.
	DOWN	s	S-1	S-2	S-3	S-2	S-1	S	S	S-	1	Decreasing visualization, from S programmed Threshold value to 0.







